Syracuse University Institutional Effectiveness

Creating Strong Criteria

Division Goal	Program/Unit	Outcome	Measure	Criteria
Students will gain job application skills through their engagement with key offices.	Career Center	1. Students will be able to create strong and well- organized resume. (Student Learning Outcome)	Measure 1 - Resume (direct)	Measure 1 criteria - 90% of resumes submitted by students for review will get a rating of 4 (proficient) on a rubric with a 1-4 scale.
			Measure 2 - Students' resume match score on Jobscan.co (indirect)	Measure 2 criteria - 90% of students' resume will get an 80% and above match score on Jobscan.co to a specified job description.
		2. Students will be able to analyze a position description. (Student Learning Outcome)	Measure 1 - Position description exercise in workshop (direct)	Measure 1 criteria - 90% of the students will be able to analyze a position description by highlighting its key components.
			Measure 2 - Workshop evaluation (indirect)	Measure 2 criteria - 90% of students feel prepared to analyze position descriptions.
		3 Career Center will provide workshops for students to develop job	Measure 1 - Workshop Attendance (direct)	Measure 1 criteria - Workshop attendance will increase by 2% each academic year.
		application skills. (Success Outcome)	Measure 2 - Workshop sessions (direct)	Measure 2 criteria - Center will provide 10 workshops each academic year.

Direct and Indirect Measures¹

Guiding questions to identify key measures:

- What data points are you frequently asked to share?
- What data points do you have to include in annual reports?
- What evidence do you rely on to make decisions?

Student Learning Outcomes	Success Outcomes
 Direct Measures Ratings of student skills by their supervisors Culminating experiences such as research projects, presentations, exhibitions, and performances, scored using a rubric Other written work - logs or reports Observations of student behavior (such as leading a meeting or workshop), undertaken systematically and with notes recorded systematically Summaries and assessments of electronic discussion threads Think-alouds, which ask students to think aloud as they work on a problem or assignment Student reflections on a topic or prompt, scored using a rubric 	Direct Measures ² Staff time Cost Materials or equipment Usage numbers Accuracy Reduction in errors Audit, external evaluator Attendance Enrollment Training opportunities Retention and graduation rates Work records or logs
 Indirect Measures Retention and graduation rates Student ratings on their knowledge and skills and reflections on what they have learned Student, alumni, and employer satisfaction with learning, collected through surveys, exit interviews, or focus groups Student satisfaction with co-curricular programming and initiatives collected through surveys or focus groups Student participation/attendance rates in co-curricular programming and initiatives Data collected from campus resources and services (e.g., reports on numbers of students accessing services) Data on use of services and programming 	 Indirect Measures Written survey and questionnaires: Stakeholder perception or satisfaction Students Administration and staff Faculty Interviews Focus groups

¹ Suskie, L. (2009) Assessing student learning: A common sense guide (2nd ed). CA: Jossey-Bass.

² University of Central Florida. (2011, February). Examples of direct and indirect measures [PowerPoint presentation]. Retrieved from: <u>http://oeas.ucf.edu/doc/Examples_of_direct_and_indirect_measures_Compatibility_Mode.pdf</u>